

# WP8 Solutions

313.  $f(x,y) = 15x^3 - 3xy + 15y^3$

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 45x^2 - 3y \\ f_y &= -3x + 45y^2 \\ f_x = 0 &\Rightarrow 45x^2 = 3y \\ &\quad 15x^2 = y \\ f_y = 0 &\Rightarrow 45y^2 - 3x = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 45(15x^2)^2 - 3x &= 0 \\ 3x(3375x^3 - 1) &= 0 \\ 3x = 0 \quad x^3 &= \frac{1}{3375} \\ x = 0 \quad x &= \frac{1}{15} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x=0: 15(0)^2 &= y \Rightarrow y=0 \\ x=\frac{1}{15}: 15\left(\frac{1}{15}\right)^2 &= y \Rightarrow y=\frac{1}{15} \\ \text{cp: } (0,0) &\text{ and } \left(\frac{1}{15}, \frac{1}{15}\right) \end{aligned}$$

331.  $f(x,y) = x^2 + 2y^2 - x^2y$

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 2x - 2xy \\ f_y &= 4y - x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} f_x = 0 \\ f_y = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} 2x - 2xy &= 0 \\ 2x(1-y) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$x=0 \text{ or } 1=y$$

$$\begin{aligned} x=0: 4y - 0^2 &= 0 & y=1: 4(1) - x^2 &= 0 \\ 4y &= 0 & 4 &= x^2 \\ y &= 0 & 2 &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{cp: } (0,0) \quad (2,1) \quad (-2,1)$$

$$f_{xx} = 2 - 2y \quad f_{yy} = 4 \quad f_{xy} = -2x$$

$$D(0,0) = 8 \quad D(2,1) = D(-2,1) = -16$$

$(0,0)$  is a local min

$(2,1)$  and  $(-2,1)$  are saddle points

319.  $f(x,y) = x^2y^2$

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 2xy^2 \\ f_y &= 2x^2y \\ \begin{cases} f_x = 0 \\ f_y = 0 \end{cases} &\Rightarrow \begin{aligned} 2xy^2 &= 0 \\ 2x^2y &= 0 \end{aligned} \\ &\text{so } x=0 \text{ or } y=0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{xx} &= 2y^2 \\ f_{yy} &= 2x^2 \\ f_{xy} &= 4xy \end{aligned}$$

$D(0,0) = 0$ ; inconclusive

Since  $x^2y^2 > 0$  for  $x,y$  not both zero and  $x^2y^2 = 0$  for critical point  
So  $(0,0)$  is an absolute min

345.  $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - 2y + 1$ ;  $R = \{(x,y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \leq 4\}$

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 2x & f_y &= 2y - 2 \\ f_x = 0, f_y = 0 &\Rightarrow x=0, y=1 \end{aligned}$$

cp:  $(0,1)$

$$\begin{aligned} f_{xx} &= 2, \quad f_{yy} = 2, \quad f_{xy} = 0 \\ D(0,1) &= 2(2) - 0^2 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

on  $R$ :  $x = 2\cos t, y = 2\sin t$

$$\begin{aligned} h(t) &= 4\cos^2 t + 4\sin^2 t - 2(2\sin t) + 1 \\ &= 5 - 4\sin t \end{aligned}$$

$$h'(t) = -4\cos t \quad h' = 0 \text{ when } t = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{2}: x=0, y=2 \Rightarrow f=1$$

$$t = \frac{3\pi}{2}: x=0, y=-2 \Rightarrow f=9$$

so  $(0,1,0)$  is abs min and

$(0,-2,9)$  is abs max

352. Open box w/o lid has volume 4 cuft  
want to minimize Surface Area.

$$S(l,w) = lw + 2lh + 2wh$$

$$V: lwh = 4 \text{ so } h = \frac{4}{lw}$$

$$S = lw + \frac{8}{w} + \frac{8}{l}$$

$$S_l = w - \frac{8}{l^2}$$

$$S_w = l - \frac{8}{w^2}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} S_l = 0 \\ S_w = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} w = \frac{8}{l^2} \\ l = \frac{8}{w^2} \end{array}$$

$$l = \frac{8}{(\frac{8}{l^2})^2}$$

$$0 = l^4 - 8l$$

$$0 = l(l^3 - 8)$$

$$l \neq 0; l = 2$$

$$l = 2; 2 = \frac{8}{w^2}$$

$$w = 2 \text{ and } h = 1$$

$$S_{ll} = \frac{16}{l^3} \quad S_{ww} = \frac{16}{w^3} \quad S_{lw} = 1$$

$$D(2,2) = 2(2) - 1^2 = 3$$

so

2ft x 2ft x 1ft will give  
the minimum cardboard.

354.  $2x - y + 2z = 16$  closest to origin

$$z = 8 - x + \frac{1}{2}y$$

$$\text{dist: } d = \sqrt{(x-0)^2 + (y-0)^2 + (8-x+\frac{1}{2}y-0)^2}$$

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + (8-x+\frac{1}{2}y)^2$$

$$f_x = 2x + 2(8-x+\frac{1}{2}y)(-1)$$

$$= 4x - y - 16$$

$$f_y = 2y + 2(8-x+\frac{1}{2}y)(\frac{1}{2})$$

$$= -x + \frac{5}{2}y + 8$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} f_x = 0 \\ f_y = 0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 4x - y - 16 = 0 \\ -x + \frac{5}{2}y + 8 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$y = 4x - 16$$

$$-x + \frac{5}{2}(4x - 16) + 8 = 0$$

$$-x + 10x - 40 + 8 = 0$$

$$9x = 32$$

$$x = \frac{32}{9}, y = -\frac{16}{9}$$

$$z = 8 - \frac{32}{9} - \frac{8}{9} = \frac{32}{9}$$

$$f_{xx} = 4, f_{yy} = \frac{5}{2}, f_{xy} = -1$$

$$D(\frac{32}{9}, -\frac{16}{9}) = 4(\frac{5}{2}) - (-1)^2$$

$$= 9 \text{ so min}$$

The point  $(\frac{32}{9}, -\frac{16}{9}, \frac{32}{9})$  is  
the closest point.